

INSTRUCTION

Standard Instructional Program

Service Learning, General Community Service, Including Faith-Based, Civic, or Political Service

This regulation supersedes Regulation 3200.

I. PURPOSE

To establish guidelines for crediting participation in student–sponsored and school-sponsored service learning and community service activities.

II. SUMMARY OF CHANGES SINCE LAST PUBLICATION

This regulation has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

III. CATEGORIES OF SERVICE

The range of potential service projects for which students may receive credit is virtually unlimited, including civic, political, religious, environmental, social justice, animal welfare, sports and recreation, disaster relief and other activities, as long as the project complies with these guidelines and is approved by school officials. To receive credit, all service, regardless of whether it is “service learning” or “general community service,” must involve work by the student and provide a benefit to the community. Credit will not be given for mere attendance at an event, or for a project or activity that benefits only the student, his or her relatives or friends.

A. Service learning

1. Definitions

Service learning is a teaching method designed to involve students in authentic and meaningful service to their communities. Service learning makes connections between the classroom and the community and provides structured time for students to reflect on their service experiences. It is intended to instill a sense of civic responsibility by encouraging students to assess their impact on the community as active contributors to society. Service learning is a work-based learning experience as it provides students with career exploration opportunities and supports students with developing career interests. Students can engage in a variety of activities, both curricular and extracurricular.

2. Criteria

Service learning can happen across all disciplines or in any content area. To qualify as “service learning,” an activity or project must contain the six elements listed in the service learning continuum. Brief descriptors of the six elements of service learning include:

- a. Authentic — Meets a real community need.
- b. Intentional — Thoughtful and well-planned learning experiences.
- c. Connects with Curriculum — Brings classroom learning to life.
- d. Reflective — Supports ethical and global citizenship.
- e. Impactful — Makes a positive impact in the community.
- f. Applicable — Aligns with interests and career goals.

3. Documentation

The successful completion of service learning hours that meet the criteria identified above will be documented by FCPS for students in grades 6, 7 through 8, and 9 through 12, using the following targets:

- a. Grade 6—5 hours
- b. Grades 7-8—15 hours
- c. Grades 9-12—10 hours per year, for a total of 40 hours

Although service learning is strongly encouraged, failure to complete these hours will not affect the student’s promotion to a higher grade or high school graduation. High school students who accumulate 40 hours of service learning are qualified to receive an FCPS service learning cord as a special recognition at graduation.

B. General Community Service

1. Definition

“General community service” includes any service that benefits the community and involves student work, but that does not satisfy the six criteria for service learning identified in Section III.A.2. Students may earn credit for such general community service to satisfy curricular requirements (such as IB or Social Studies), extracurricular requirements (such as club or honor society membership), school partnerships, or graduation requirements (such as the Virginia Department of Education’s diploma seal of excellence in civics).

2. Application

- a. FCPS does not control the service requirements or policies of outside groups such as IB and the Virginia Department of Education. For those groups, FCPS will use the sponsoring organization's own community service requirements and policies but interpret those requirements and policies in the spirit of the guidelines provided in Section IV. of this Regulation. IB service requirements are outlined in the Creativity, Activity, and Service (CAS) Core requirements for the IB Diploma, and the service learning outcomes and portfolio for the IB Career-Related Program (IB CP). VDOE History and Social Science standards also include information regarding service learning. VDOE service requirements for all applicable diploma seals should be reviewed directly on the VDOE Graduation Seals website.
- b. Schools may not modify state, IB or another outside organization's service requirements without the permission of the Instructional Services Department. For all other community service programs and requirements, schools and programs may elect to apply the same rules for both service learning and general community service.
- c. Schools and programs may add additional requirements for general community service, unique to their school or program, provided they otherwise comply with Section IV, of this Regulation.

IV. SERVICE THROUGH FAITH-BASED, CIVIC, OR POLITICAL ORGANIZATIONS

FCPS is constitutionally prohibited from endorsing or sponsoring religion or a particular political viewpoint; however, students will not be discouraged or inhibited from exercise of their rights of free speech, freedom of association, and free exercise of religion in the selection and crediting of service projects.

A. FCPS-sponsored or initiated service projects

1. Service learning activities or general community service projects that are sponsored, initiated, or selected by a school or any other FCPS-funded entity may not consist of or include:
 - a. any religious ceremonies, proselytizing, or worship, or any activity facilitating such ceremonies, proselytizing or worship;
 - b. advocacy in favor or against a political issue, political party, or a candidate in any local, state or national election;
 - c. fund-raising for any faith-based, civic or political organization.
2. Schools and other FCPS-funded entities may partner with faith-based, civic, or political organizations for service projects and activities, so long as such activity or project complies with the restrictions set forth in Section IV.A.1.

For example, an elementary school may partner with a religious organization so that students can participate in the operations of their soup kitchen. Likewise, a

school may partner with a civic organization that operates a shelter for victims of abuse. On the other hand, the school cannot partner with an organization to sponsor a project in which students go door to door soliciting people to join a place of worship, or in which students and teachers participate in prayer services, or in which students are assigned to work for a school-selected political party or candidate.

B. Student-initiated service projects

Students may receive credit for service projects performed through faith-based, civic, or political organizations, without regard to the restrictions in Section IV.A.1., as long as the student alone initiates and implements the service project, and the project satisfies the other requirements of this Regulation. For example, a student can receive service learning credit for providing religious instruction at a place of worship, or for giving a speech on behalf of a candidate at a political rally, if that activity satisfies the six requirements for service learning. A teacher may assign a student to participate in a political campaign of the student's choice, as part of a civics assignment for which the student also may receive service learning or general community service credit.

V. PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Each school shall identify a service learning liaison to provide assistance to students and staff in the implementation and crediting of service projects. The liaison also shall serve as the point of contact for the school with others in the division.
- B. Students and teachers who have questions or concerns about service learning or other community service are encouraged to engage in dialogue with their school's service learning liaison.
- C. Students may receive credit for school-sponsored service, self-initiated service, or both, as long as the service complies with these guidelines.
- D. Schools shall credit the same service in multiple categories if the service qualifies. For example, a project to draft campaign finance reform legislation, which qualifies for both service learning credit and for honor society membership, should receive credit in both categories; the student should not be required to complete multiple community service projects for credit, if one such project qualifies for several purposes.
- E. The Instructional Services Department shall provide assistance to schools regarding the implementation of this regulation and respond to questions.